ABSTRACT

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The present invention provides a method for treating or preventing a pathophysiological state of an organ in an individual wherein this state is characterized by an undesirable level of cyclindependent kinase inhibitor activity in the organ, comprising the step of regulating the expression of the p21 gene in the organ of the individual. Also provided is a method for treating chronic progressive renal failure in an individual in need of such treatment, comprising the step of regulating the expression of the p21 gene in one or both kidneys of the individual wherein the regulation of the p21 gene results in the manipulation of cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor activity in one or both kidneys. In addition there is provided a method of lowering the rate of long-term rejection of a transplanted organ in an individual comprising the step of transplanting into the individual the organ from a donor wherein the p21 gene in the organ is not expressed.